# Biodiversity and Business: A Literature review

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## Introduction and methodology

What is the connection between business & biodiversity? We proceeded to a systematic search on academic articles connecting biodiversity & business appearing in 73 academic journal in the fields of business, responsibility, sustainability and economics between 1970-2022. This led to a sample of 274 articles identified in 16 journals, of which 47 articles were selected for final analysis.

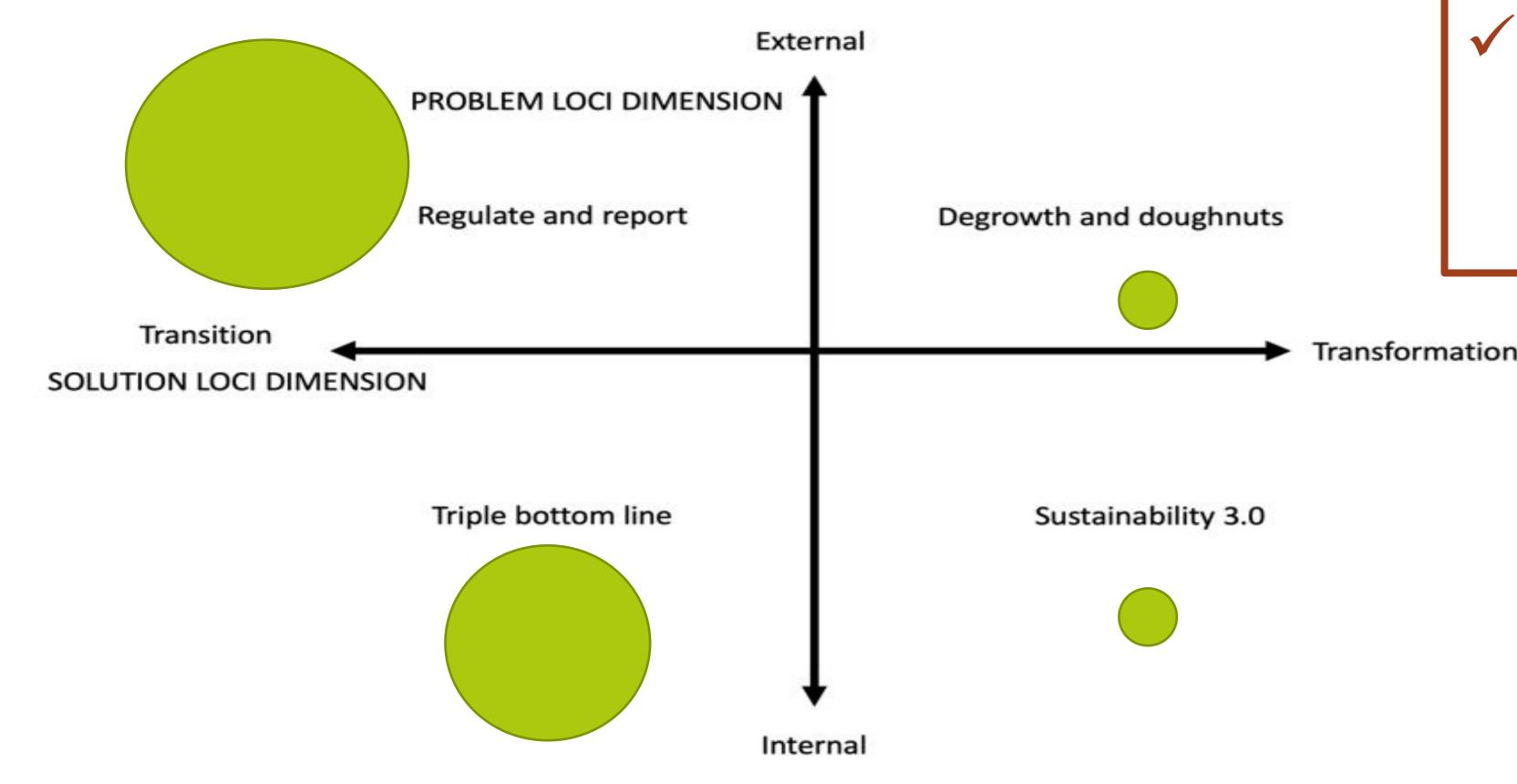
### **Analytical Framework**

We divided the selected articles along two dimensions:

- The vertical dimension pertains to the level of the analysis: i.e. the perceived problems resides within the firm (e.g. strategy, personnel) or stems from external sources (e.g. regulation, customers).
- The *horizontal* dimension reflects the depth of the required solutions: is the problem is to be solved through incremental transitions or is a radical, system level transformation needed.

This led us toward a matrix with four categories:

- 1. Regulate and report: external forces shape firm-level actions and the solutions can be found through compliance and reporting.
- 2. Triple Bottom Line: firms drive the changes, which are possible within the established paradigm.
- Degrowth and doughnuts: external forces shape the field, which is in need of a major overhaul.
- 4. Sustainability 3.0: firms drive the change, but to do that, firms must fundamentally rethink their priorities and modus operandi.



## Overall observations

We identified the following main observations from the articles:

- Despite the prevalence of environmental management & CSR strategies in companies, biodiversity has been omitted from these.
- 2. Companies appear to be lacking agency toward tackling the biodiversity crisis. Companies' management of biodiversity focuses on measurement, numbers & reporting. Thus, agency appears to be offered to numbers, instead of people as actors.
- Biodiversity is conserved in collaboration with different stakeholders, across global supply chains. This means biodiversity-respectful leadership is collaborative in its essence. All players, from the UN, to governments, firms, NGOs and local farmers globally need to take leadership.
- 4. Present research has scantly studied active actors taking leadership, other than e.g. nut-pickers in Brazil. Therefore we do not know who are the drivers of biodiversity transformations.
- Gender diversity at the board level correlates with a company's biodiversity respectfulness.

#### **Concluding remarks**

- Research shows the shallow take of companies, across sectors and countries, toward biodiversity. Similarly, there is a scarcity of research on business & biodiversity; articles appear in ecological economics, increasingly in sustainable business journals.
- Research focuses on incremental solutions to address the biodiversity crisis, as driven by external forces (e.g. regulation) and also by firms. The drivers of biodiversity transformations remain unknown.
- Research has scantly studied active actors taking leadership to drive the transformative change required toward biodiversity-respectful business. This is the focus of BIODIFUL.









